Atypical work, telework

A **supplementary survey** called "Atypical work, telework" was linked to the Labour Force Survey, Q1 2018 which was carried out on the selected sample of households of the core survey at the same time. 2.3% of the employed respondents aged 15–74 who answered the core survey did not answer the supplementary survey Q1 2018. Those who participate in the public employment supplementary training programme are considered as employed according to EU recommendations, however, they were excluded from the reference population of the supplementary survey due to their special position. Those who had not worked for 3 months at the time of the survey and had not received any benefit either, were excluded too.

The response rate of the supplementary survey "Atypical work, telework", Q1 2018

	lt	concerns the responde	nt	Performance rate
	and was answered	but wasn't answered	total	Fenomiance rate
		persons		%
Total	3 873 552	92 353	3 965 905	97.7
Of which:				
sex				
male	2 067 396	56 078	2 123 474	97.4
female	1 806 156	36 274	1 842 430	98.0
age group				
15–24	269 784	8 842	278 626	96.8
25–54	3 000 269	71 178	3 071 447	97.7
55–74	690 186	12 333	615 831	98.0
administrative classification of the residence				
Budapest	690 186	19 812	709 998	97.2
Town with county rights	738 748	13 272	752 020	98.2
Other town	1 147 481	27 681	1 175 162	97.6
Village	1 297 137	31 587	1 328 724	97.6
educational attainment				
Primary school	468 929	11 010	479 939	97.7
Secondary school				
without G.C.E.	1 097 903	22 816	1 120 719	98.0
with G.C.E.	1 285 437	23 542	1 308 979	98.2
College, university, PhD, DLA	1 021 282	34 984	1 056 266	96.7

41.0% of the answered interviews were answered by a third person – another member of the family. The proxy-interview rate among men was very high, 49.0%, while for women this rate was 31.8%.

The proxy-interviews rate of the supplementary survey "Atypical work, telework", Q1 2018

	Personally answered	Proxy-onterviews	Total	Proxy-interview rate	
	persons			%	
Tatal	0.005.040	•	2 072 552		
Total	2 285 318	1 588 234	3 873 552	41.0	
Of which:					
sex					
male	1 053 349	1 014 047	2 067 396	49.0	
female	1 231 969	574 187	1 806 156	31.8	
age group					
15–24	100 772	169 012	269 784	62.6	
25–54	1 797 400	1 202 869	3 000 269	40.1	
55–74	387 145	216 353	603 498	35.8	
administrative classification of the residence					
Budapest	468 399	221 787	690 186	32.1	
Town with county rights	460 671	278 077	738 748	37.6	
Other town	647 193	500 288	1 147 481	43.6	
Village	709 055	588 082	1 297 137	45.3	
educational attainment					
Primary school	258 217	210 712	468 929	44.9	
Secondary school					
without G.C.E.	606 762	491 141	1 097 903	44.7	
with G.C.E.	757 827	527 610	1 285 437	41.0	
College, university, PhD, DLA	662 511	358 771	1 021 282	35.1	

There may be some differences between the same aggregates of the published absolute numbers due to weighting and summing up. The evaluation of the distribution ratios was made electronically – without individual correction, so the sum of partial data is not always equal to the displayed rounded value of the aggregated data.

If a variable (after weighting) involves an occurrence of 2,500 to 4,999 persons, the data are to be regarded with reservation because due to the high survey error rate they may be incorrect; in case of occurrence of fewer than 2,500 persons, the data are not usable.

The weighted data and sample size of the supplementary survey "Atypical work, telework", Q1 2018

	Sample				Weighted data			
Denomination	male	of which: does telework	female	of which: does telework	male	of which: does telework	female	of which: does telework
Total	10 497	230	9 128	208	2 067 395	77 876	1 806 156	66 194
Of which:								
age group	000		5 40	_	400.440	0.000	400.044	0.004
15–24	886	9	549	5	160 440	3 326	109 344	2 064
25–29	1 143	27	733	19	252 257	8 674	186 430 175 941	8 009
30–34	1 203	33 43	767 1 105	24	254 234	12 125		8 272
35–39 40–44	1 225 1 537	43 40	1 492	35 35	277 800 327 073	16 633 15 187	234 647 304 884	14 529 10 029
40-44	1 366	40 36	1 492	27	264 963	9 970	278 077	7 059
43–49 50–54	1 157	30 17	1 353	27	204 903	6 102	232 453	8 079
55–59	1 073	13	1 103	23	175 833	2 301	188 086	5 863
60–64	833	8	501	10	131 544	3 038	81 974	1 430
65–74	74	4	84	3	11 741	522	14 319	859
educational attainment	17	т	04	Ū	11741	022	14010	000
Primary school	1 600	3	1 470	3	252 511	1 628	216 419	829
Secondary school		Ū		Ū			210 110	020
without G.C.E.	4 396	15	2 066	10	759 149	2 956	338 754	1 437
with G.C.E.	2 897	56	3 260	69	602 963	17 129	682 475	21 236
College, university, PhD, DLA	1 604	156	2 332	126	452 774	56 163	568 509	42 693
residence								
Budapest	539	57	536	45	349 115	39 986	341 072	31 604
Pest	958	22	864	26	272 005	6 520	236 323	5 693
Central Hungary	1 497	79	1 400	71	621 118	46 506	577 396	37 297
Fejér	586	17	486	8	95 431	3 005	81 984	1 451
Komárom-Esztergom	421	12	363	10	71 725	2 294	59 043	1 387
Veszprém	487	8	425	2	79 101	1 707	67 799	667
Central Transdanubia	1 494	37	1 274	20	246 257	7 006	208 827	3 506
Gyor-Moson-Sopron	494	15	396	13	117 323	4 039	94 799	5 299
Vas	422	12	345	12	55 813	2 266	49 948	2 549
Zala	408	3	329	4	65 293	400	51 581	824
Western Transdanubia	1 324	30	1 070	29	238 428	6 705	196 328	8 672
Baranya	450	10	414	2	70 482	2 612	64 281	826
Somogy	322	1	272	3	51 158	308	43 204	360
Tolna	314	4	265	4	45 492	1 050	37 888	572
Southern Transdanubia	1 086	15	951	9	167 130	3 969	145 372	1 758
Transdanubia	3 904	82	3 295	58	651 816	17 680	550 528	13 936
Borsod-Abaúj-Zemplén	931	14	816	12	134 940	1 443	114 698	1 597
Heves	462	5	383	9	57 626	748	51 288	1 442
Nógrád	320	2	254	1	42 168	150	34 986	84
Northern Hungary	1 713	21	1 453	22	234 733	2 340	200 973	3 124
Bihar	587	14	495	10	111 727	4 459	94 634	3 223
Jász-Nagykun-Szolnok	485	4	390	5	80 601	671	65 140	817
Szabolcs-Szatmár-Bereg Northern Great Plain	836 1 908	4 22	743 1 628	13 28	118 239 310 567	656 5 786	101 467 261 241	2 217 6 258

The weighted data and sample size of the supplementary survey "Atypical work, telework", Q1 2018 (continued)

	Sample				Weighted data			
Denomination	male	of which: does telework	female	of which: does telework	male	of which: does telework	female	of which: does telework
Bács-Kiskun	715	7	652	8	102 557	1 617	85 123	1 028
Békés	410	4	374	2	68 191	716	60 333	342
Csongrád	350	15	326	19	78 413	3 231	70 562	4 209
Southern Great Plain	1 475	26	1 352	29	249 161	5 564	216 018	5 579
Great Plain and Northern Hungary	5 096	69	4 433	79	794 461	13 690	678 232	14 961
administrative classification of the residence								
Capital	539	57	536	45	349 115	39 986	341 072	31 604
Town with county rights	1 331	50	1 286	45	381 214	15 510	357 534	15 200
Other town	3 345	58	2 982	60	614 393	13 707	533 088	10 757
Village	5 282	65	4 324	58	722 676	8 674	574 461	8 633
marital status								
Never married	4 431	81	2 522	52	894 536	28 626	558 637	19 925
Married	5 193	136	4 835	128	999 421	43 865	911 388	39 678
Widowed, divorced	873	13	1 771	28	173 438	5 385	336 132	6 591

Concepts used in the supplementary survey

Teleworker: an employee who regularly or occasionally performs work at a location other than his or her place of work using information and telecommunications equipment. Our survey distinguishes two groups of teleworkers:

- employed teleworkers covered by Articles 196–197 of the Labour Code 2012: who regularly perform teleworking at a place of work as specified by an employment contract and pre-qualified by the employer for safety reasons,
- employees who do telework occasionally in a so-called "home office" (often referred to in common language as "working from home"; for example, in case of a mild illness, when the employee is still able to work from home, or a chimney inspection). The framework for this work is not laid down in the Labour Code and thus in the employment contract, but in the internal rules of the employer.