

WORKING TIME, UNDEREMPLOYMENT AND OVEREMPLOYMENT IN LFS AND ANOTHER GERMAN HOUSEHOLD SURVEY WITH CONTRADICTIONARY RESULTS

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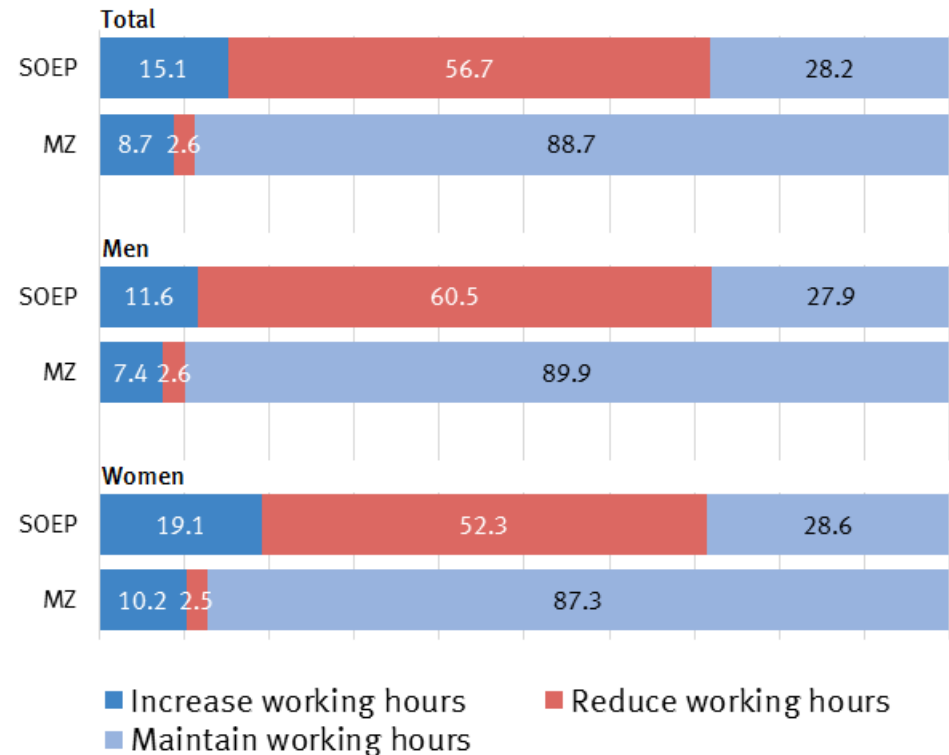
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Longer or shorter working hours?

- answers in the microcensus* (MZ) and Socio-Economic Panel (SOEP) for 2015
- persons in employment aged 20 to 64 years, after microcensus-SOEP adjustments
- **MZ***
 - » representative household survey of Federal Statistical Office Germany (Destatis)
 - » approximately 1% of population selected every year
 - » in 2015: 691,000 persons in 342,600 households were interviewed
- **SOEP**
 - » longitudinal household survey of German Institute for Economic Research (DIW Berlin)
 - » currently 30,000 respondents in 11,000 households are interviewed

Working-time preferences 2015 in %



*The Labour Force Sample Survey is carried out as part of the annual microcensus.

Order of questions about working time and working-time preferences (2015)

Abbreviations

HWACTUAL	number of hours actually worked
HWCONTRACT	number of hours defined in contract
HWOVER	number of overtime hours of work
HWUSUAL	number of hours usually worked
HWUSUAL2	number of hours usually worked in a second job (if existing)
HWWISH	number of hours that the person wishes to work; MZ: rounded to the nearest whole number; SOEP: with one decimal place
WISHLESS	yes-no filter question about the wish to work less
WISHMORE	yes-no filter question about the wish to work more

Microcensus MZ Federal Statistical Office Germany Destatis	Socio-Economic Panel SOEP German Institute for Economic Research DIW Berlin
Working times	Working-time preferences
HWUSUAL	HWWISH
HWACTUAL	Working times
HWOVER	HWCONTRACT
HWUSUAL2	HWUSUAL
Working-time preferences	HWUSUAL2
WISHMORE	
if WISHMORE=yes	
HWWISH	
if WISHMORE=no	
WISHLESS	
if WISHLESS=yes	
HWWISH	

Working-time preferences	MZ operationalization	SOEP operationalization
increase working hours	WISHMORE=yes	$HWWISH - HWUSUAL > 0$
reduce working hours	WISHMORE=no + WISHLESS=yes	$HWWISH - HWUSUAL < 0$
maintain working hours	WISHMORE=no + WISHLESS=no	$HWWISH - HWUSUAL = 0$

Main reasons of contradictory results (1) www.destatis.de

– preceding filter question –

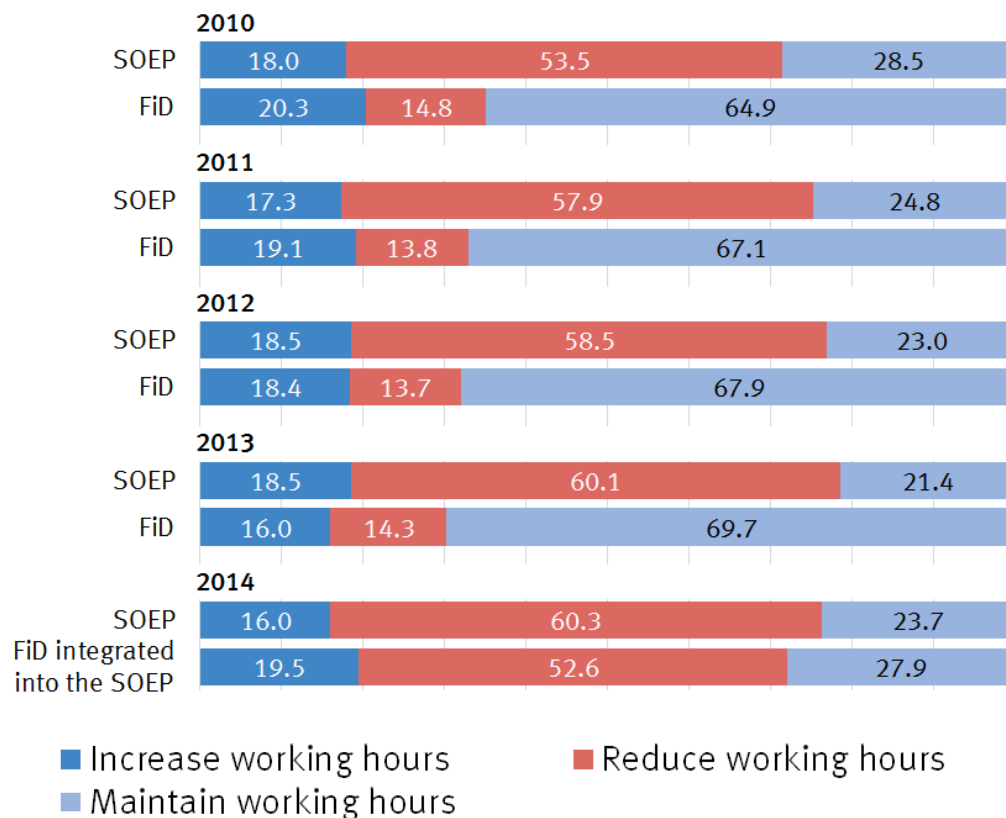
- SOEP questionnaire direct question about the desired working hours **without** a preceding filter question
- FiD questionnaire from 2010-2013 with the following **preceding filter question**:
If you could choose your own working hours, taking into account that your income would change according to the number of hours:
Would you rather reduce, increase or maintain your working hours?

maintain

reduce

increase

- FiD in 2014 **without** a preceding filter question: FiD survey was integrated into the SOEP with identical wording as in the SOEP questionnaire



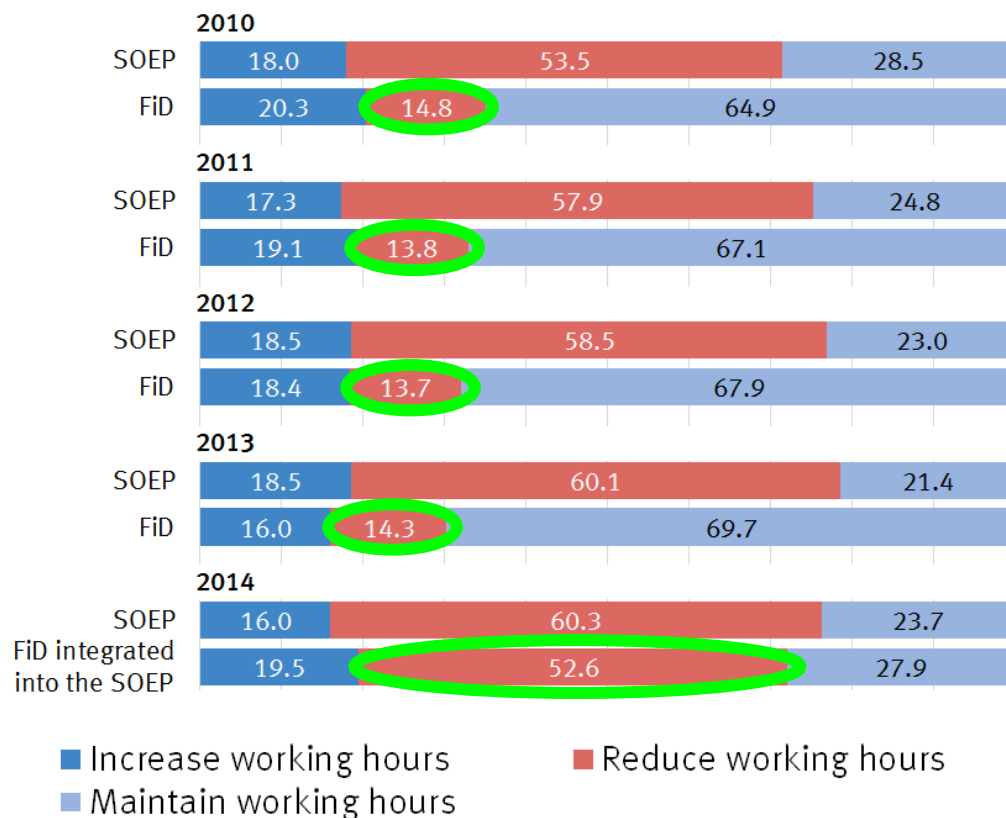
Main reasons of contradictory results (1) www.destatis.de

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- maintain
- reduce
- increase

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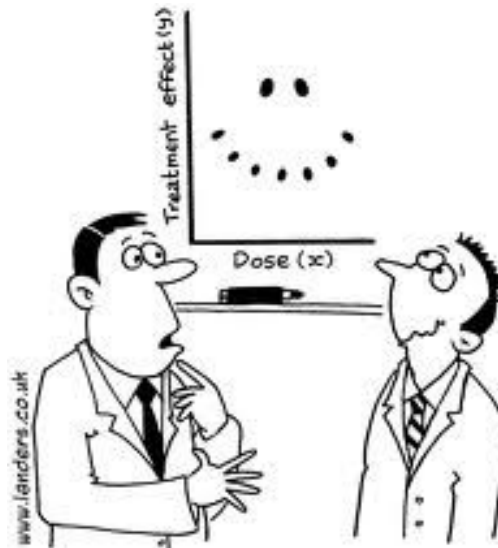


Main reasons of contradictory results (2) www.destatis.de

– other important aspects –

- Sequence of questions and recording of different working hours
 - » asking for HWUSUAL after HWCONTRACT can lead to an **overestimation of HWUSUAL** and, as a result, lead to a **higher share of overemployment** when calculating working-time wishes by the difference $HWWISH - HWUSUAL$
 - » in the SOEP survey the ratio of overemployment to underemployment in all persons with working time discrepancies changed from 80:20 to 55:46 by using $HWWISH - HWCONTRACT$
- Explicit reference to changes in earnings
 - » previous studies in the microcensus MZ showed that the wording “**with a corresponding increase in earnings**” encourage people to formulate a desire to work more hours
 - » before 2008 this explicit reference to a corresponding increase in earnings was not included; the change in the question wording lead to an **increase of underemployment**
 - » no studies about a corresponding effect for **overemployment** as the question was incorporated only in 2008 and has included an explicit reference to a **corresponding loss in earnings** from the beginning

Many Thanks for your attention!



"It's a non-linear pattern with outliers.....but for some reason I'm very happy with the data."



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